

# DE-CIX Apollon

## Cutting Edge Interconnection for DE-CIX members

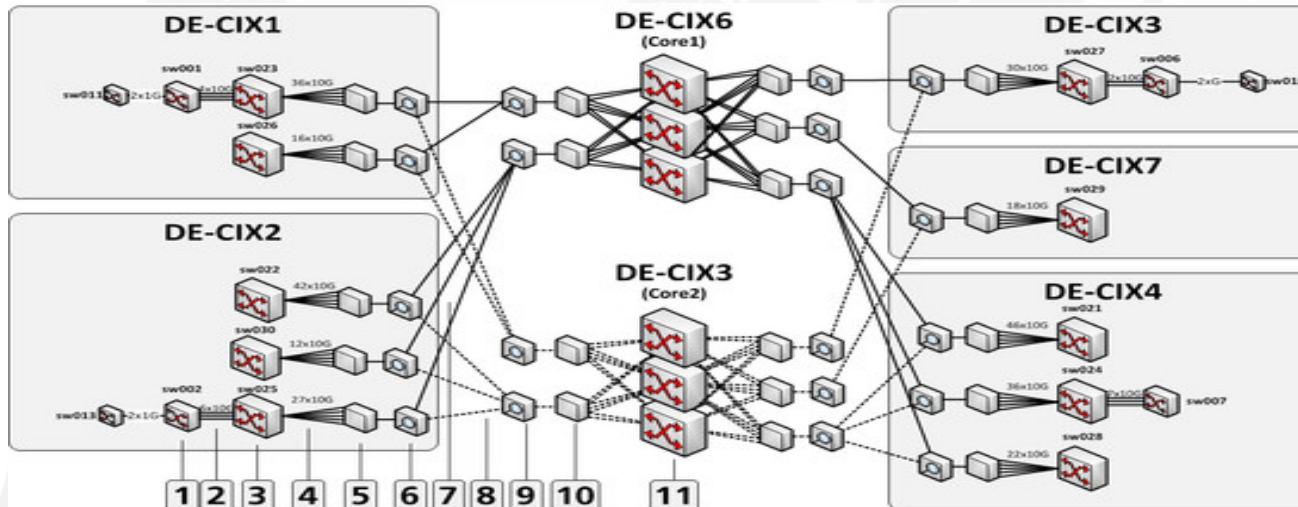
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- Status Quo DE-CIX Network Topology



- 1 Force10 Terascale E1200
- 2 Multiple 10G-Connections
- 3 Force10 Exascale E1200i
- 4 Multiple 10G-Connections
- 5 DWDM MUX 32 Channel
- 6 Lynx LightLeader Master Unit
- 7 Dark Fiber Working Line
- 8 Dark Fiber Protection Line
- 9 Lynx LightLeader Slave Unit
- 10 DWDM MUX 32 Channel
- 11 2xBrocade MLX32 and 1xForce10 Exascale 1200i per Core

- Platform – Status Quo

- Current access-switches (F10 ExaScale E1200i) allow max. ~80 customer ports (10GE), no 100GE possible
- No LACP for backbone connections, no link monitoring BFD
- MAC learning issues on the core switches
- 1:1 redundancy in the core – 3 core switches doing nothing at the time
- No multipathing via multiple core switches
- In case of failover about 400 x 10GE connections are switched simultaneously and need to work immediately – testing beforehand not possible
- Monitoring of backup links also not possible
- 5% light on backup links via LightLeader has unwanted side effects on backup cores
- Reseller ports only via hardware looping



- Goals
  - DE-CIX Apollon will provide cutting edge interconnection on a 100GE level by choosing and implementing new infrastructure for both the optical layer and the switching layer.
  - Apollon needs to support traffic and customer port growth for the next 3-5 years. This includes scalable capacity in the core of up to 20Tbps in 2016 and 45 Tbps in 2018.
  - Replace 1:1 redundancy in the core with n+1 redundancy.
  - Keep local traffic local (switch and site).
  - Core links must be 100GE to reduce the number of links, to better utilize bandwidth, and to be able to accommodate larger flows.
  - Redundancy and multipathing on upper protocol layers.





- Technology selection
  - We need an optical platform and a switching platform
  - Gather information
  - Make a decision matrix
  - Output: Short list – 3 vendors for optical, 3 vendors for switching
  - Do extensive Lab tests with shortlisted parties

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- Technology selection: Optical Platform
  - 100G! 100G! 100G!
  - 80 DWDM Channels, 28G each (4 = 100G)
  - Fiber protection
  - Fast (< 100ms) protection switching
  - Scalability
  - Compact size (rack mountable)
- Adva System

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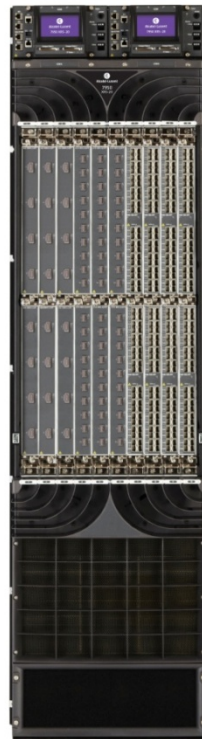
- Technology selection: Switching Platform
  - 100G capable
  - High port density (for 10G and 100G)
  - 3rd party transceivers possible
  - Multipathing (via MPLS)
  - Port security at the edge
  - VLAN translations functionality



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- Shortlist (Switching)





- Lab tests
  - Up to 4 cores (2 minimum)
  - 2 “new” access switches
  - 2 “old” access switches (to emulate migration scenario)
  - Devices to emulate customers, 100G interconnections etc.
  - Simulate all scenarios we could think of
  - Simulate the migration from old to new





- Technology: And the winner is....
  - Optical Layer
    - Adva FSP3000 DWDM
    - Up to 80 x 28Gbit/s (=2Tbit/s per fiber pair)
  - Switching Layer
    - Alcatel-Lucent („ALU“) 7950 XRS-20
    - Up to 80 x 100GE or 800 10GE per chassis
    - 10 chassis in total incl. 4 x Apollon Supernodes (core) in 4 secure locations

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- Alcatel-Lucent 7950 XRS-20
  - Pro
    - Ready for multi chassis
    - Best implementation of required features
    - Excellent hardware performance
    - Migration scenario possible
  - Con
    - Only DC chassis (needs external rectifiers)
    - No sflow (counter & samples; implementation necessary)





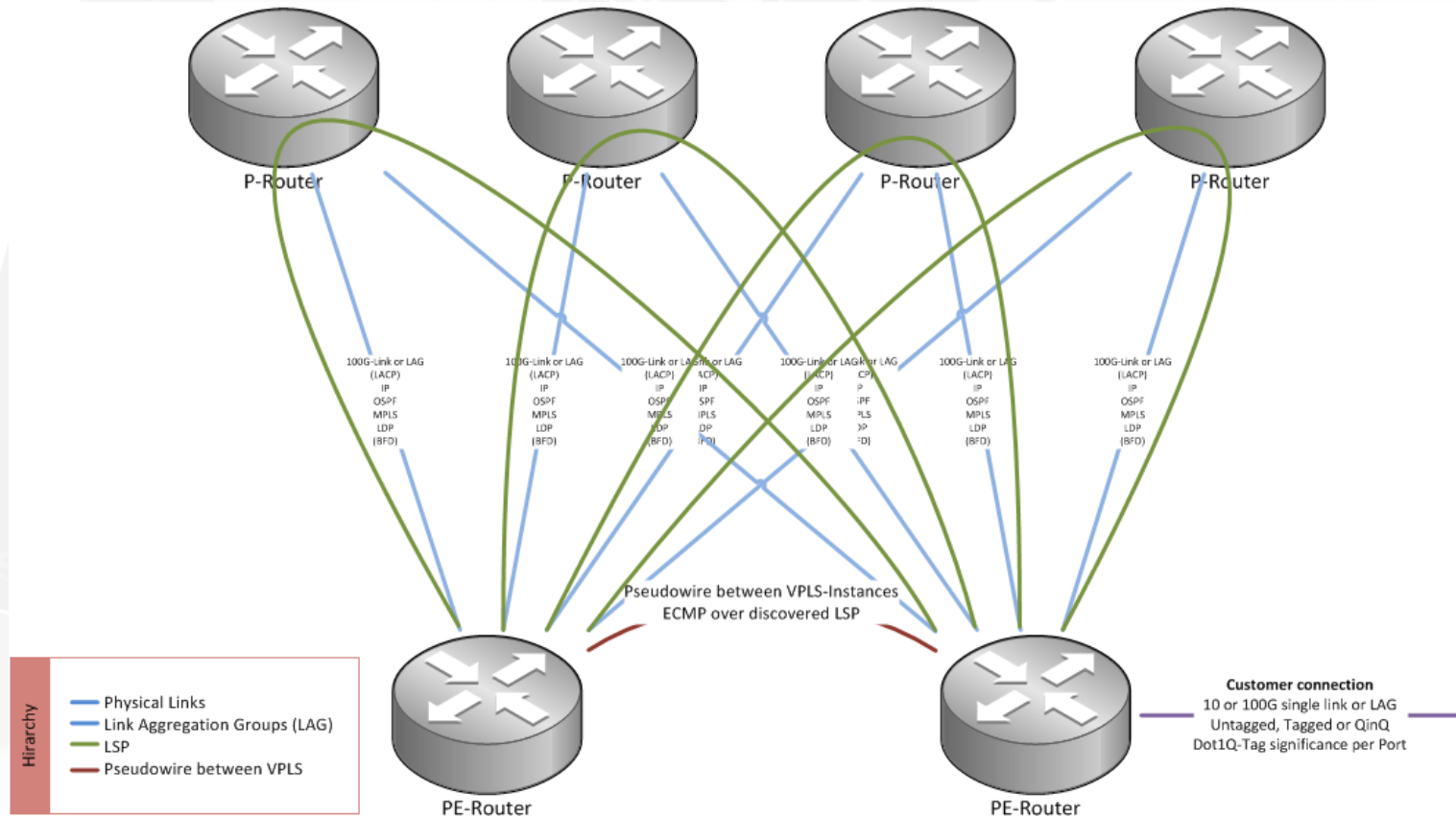
# APOLLON

DE-CIX APOLLON. CUTTING EDGE INTERCONNECTION.

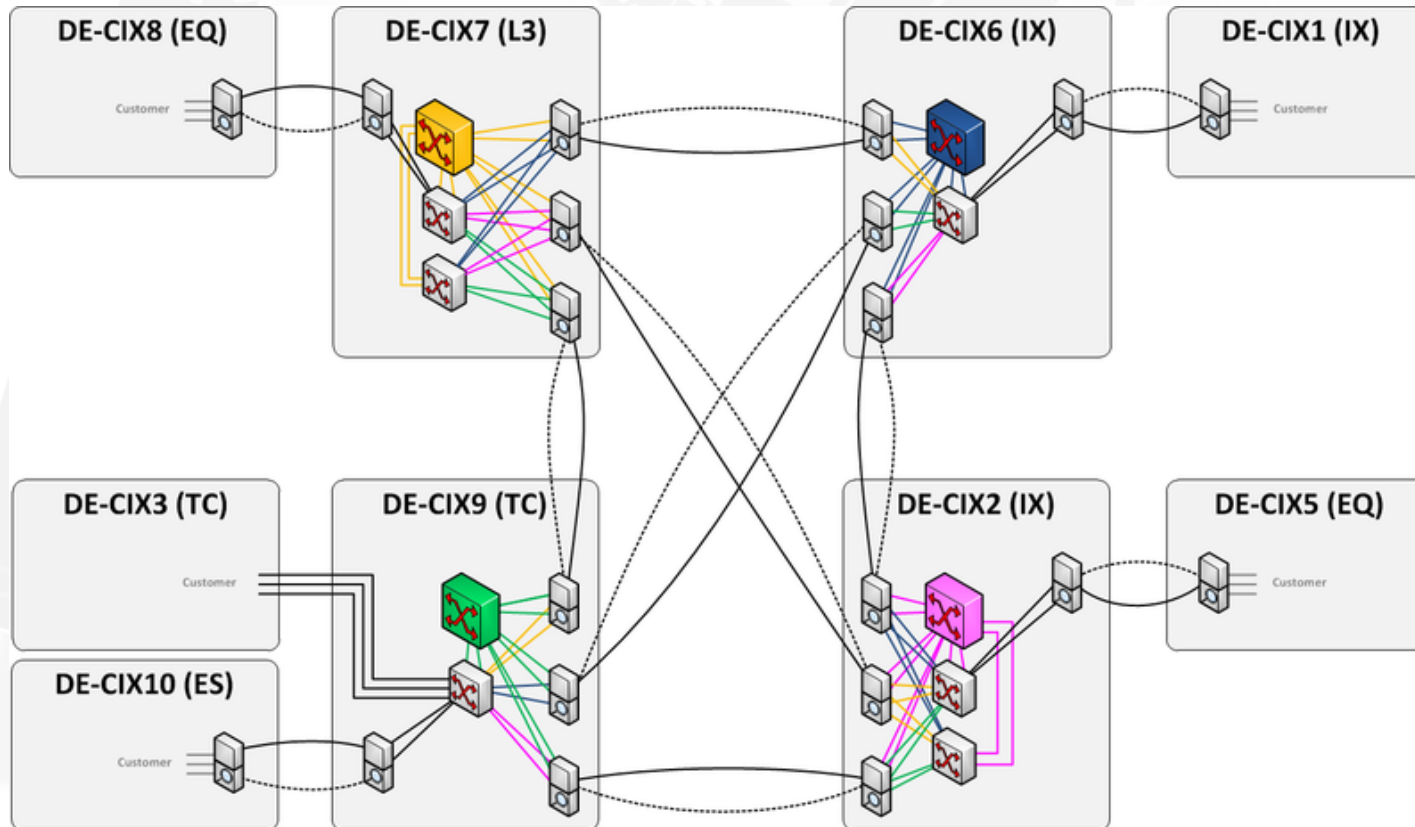


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- VPLS / MPLS Design



- New Topology (snapshot)



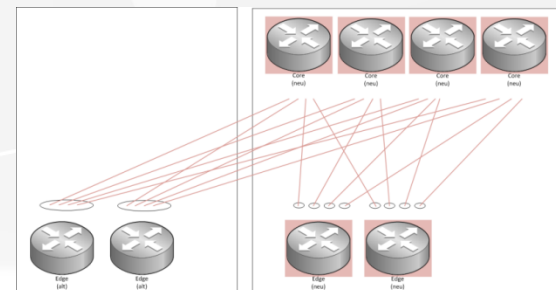
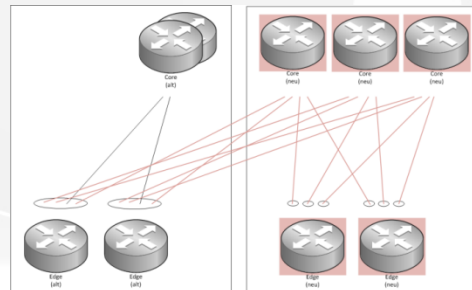
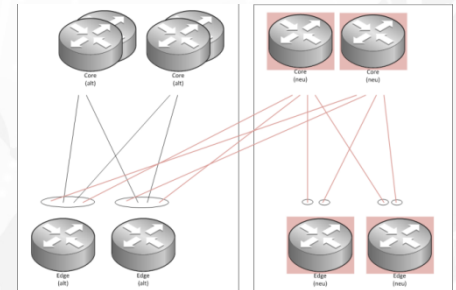
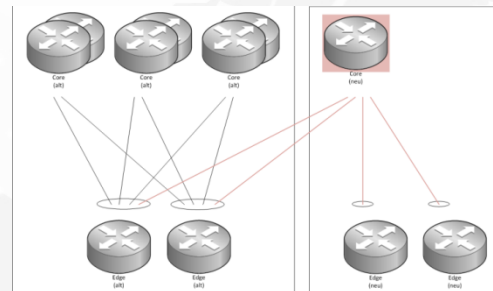
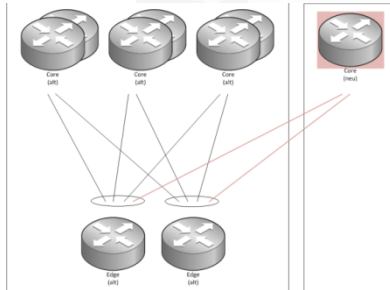


- Migration
  - Should be as painless for the customers as possible.
  - No impact on daily ops
  - **Decision: Hire a dedicated project manager**
  - **Involve every department**
    - Sales: Make customers and prospects aware of the upcoming migration
    - Support: Handle customer requests before, during and after migration
    - Engineering: Do most of the actual work
    - Marketing: Create Apollon branding, visual messaging, PR





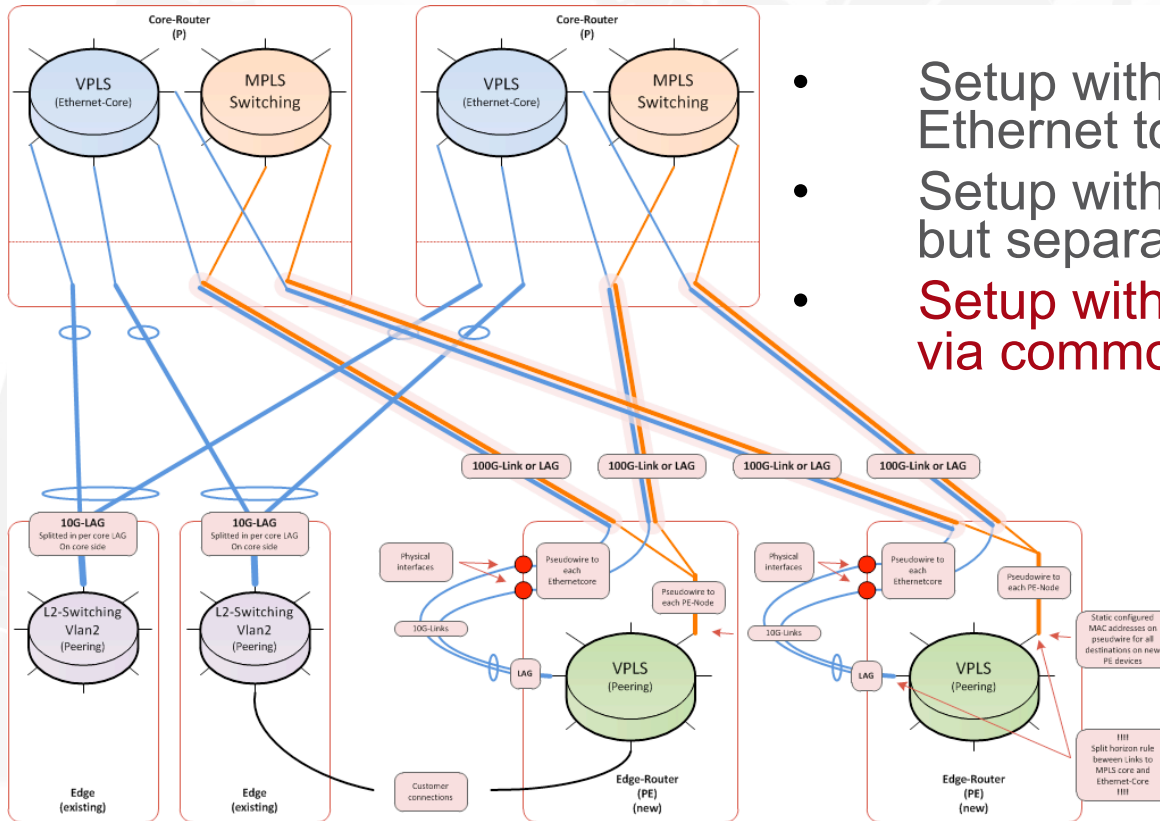
- Migration (core)



- Migration Steps
  - Replace the core first
    - Add one new core switch
    - Remove one old core switch
    - Continue until all cores are replaced and 4 new cores are active
  - Replace the edge switches one by one
  - Lots of getting up early in the morning for customer support and engineering



## • Migration Setup



- Setup with hard switch from Ethernet to MPLS
- Setup with both Ethernet/MPLS, but separated Edge/Core links
- **Setup with both Ethernet/MPLS via common link**

- Edge migration
  - Connect new edge routers to the new core
  - Keep old edge switch running
  - Move customers fibre by fibre
  - Test each customer after moving
  - Try to keep individual downtime as short as possible
  - During each migration customer support will also be in the office to handle customer requests and questions.





- Summary
  - DE-CIX Apollon will provide a larger spectrum of Ethernet based interconnection services incl. Internet Exchange and Layer 2 data link functionality.
  - Yes – there will be new products. We will keep you posted.
  - DE-CIX is a one-stop shop for interconnection in an all Ethernet and all IP environment. All backed by industry leading SLAs.



Questions?

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